Certude Technology Risk Services

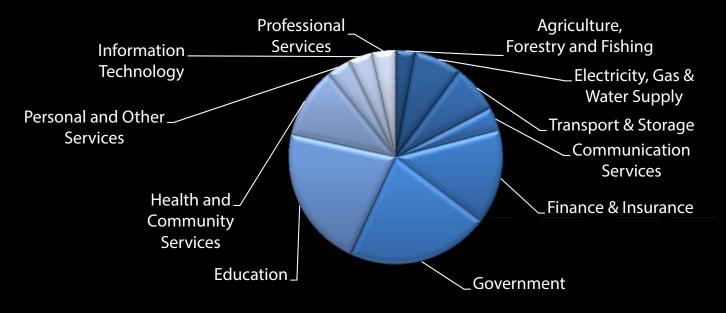
2015 IT DISASTER RECOVERY SURVEY UPDATE

18 Nov 2015

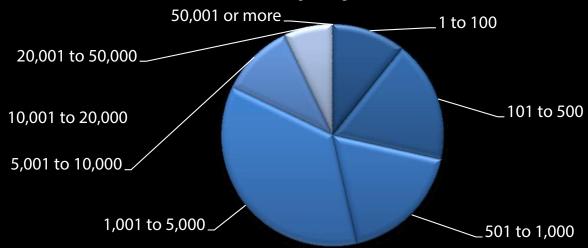


DEMOGRAPHICS

Industries





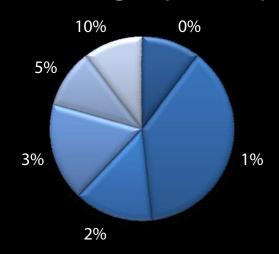


- Organisations operating in Australia
- 11 of the 19 ANZSICIndustries
- Representation of all employee sizes
- All annual IT spend, majority \$5m to \$20m

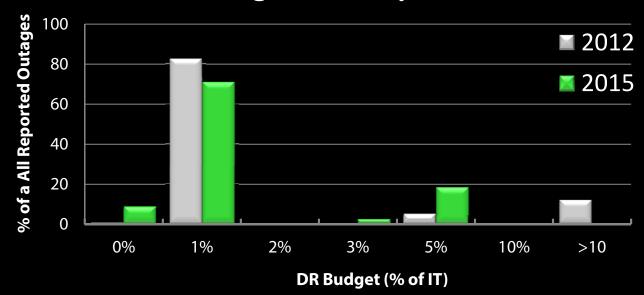


BUDGET

DR Budget (% of IT)



Outages vs DR Spend



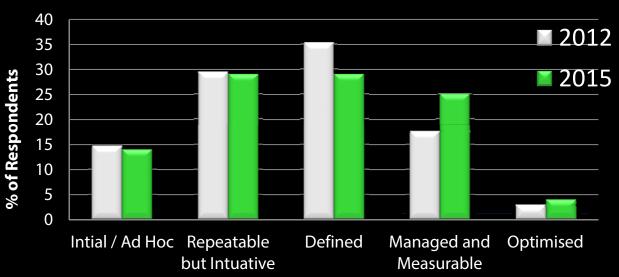
Respondents who spend at least 2% to 3% of their IT disaster recovery are less likely to incur outages.

- Most respondents spent ~1% of their IT budget on DR, and incurred the highest % of all outages reported.
- Those who spend 2% to 3% on DR appear to have the least number of outages.

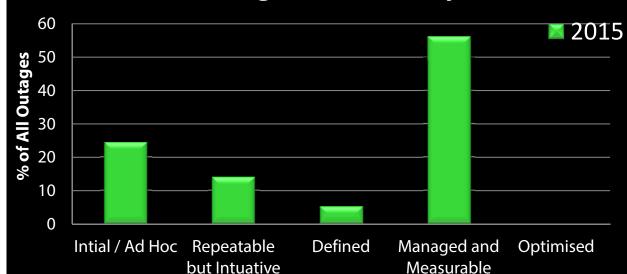


MATURITY





Outages vs Maturity



Higher levels of disaster recovery maturity can reduce system disruption or provide better statistics.

- Most describe their DR maturity as 'repeatable, but intuitive', or 'defined'
- Whilst low maturity incurred ~38% of all outages, the higher maturity incurred to most. This may be due to better incident recording and reporting.



PROCESS INTEGRATION

Where DR is Embedded

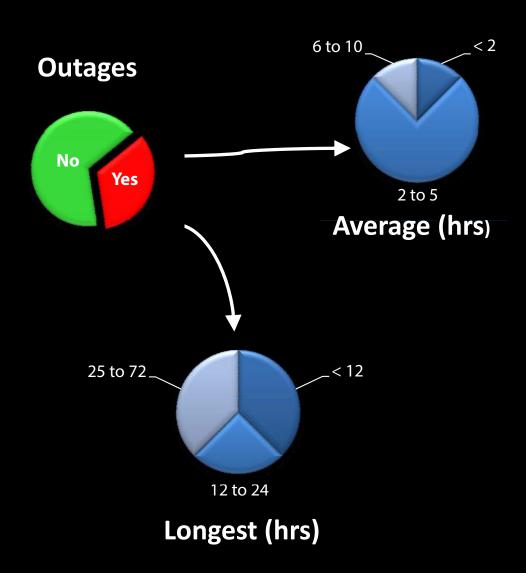


Disaster recovery is poorly embedded into many processes.

- Most have DR embedded into IT Service Continuity, ICT Infrastructure, Availability, Change, Financial Management
- Few have DR
 embedded into
 important processes
 e.g. Incident, Release,
 Capacity, Project and
 Service Level
 Management!



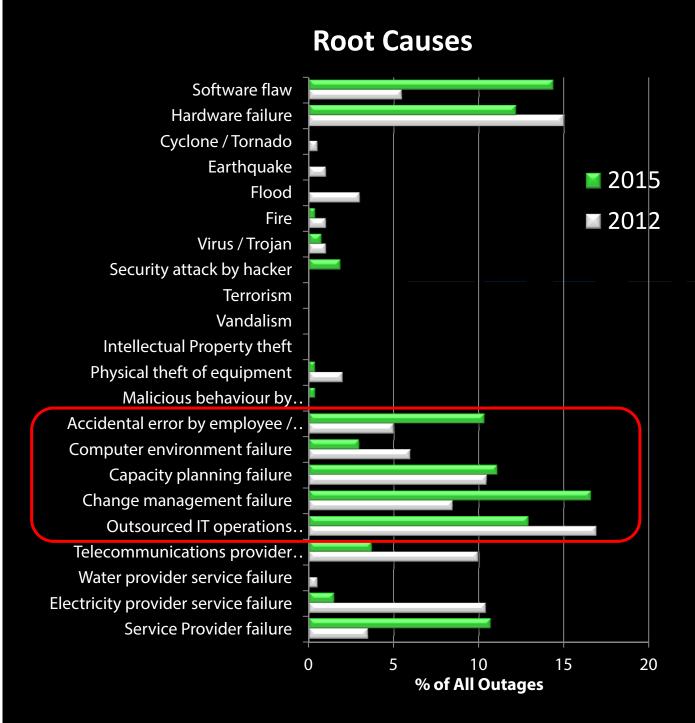
DISRUPTIONS



- About a third experienced unplanned outages in the past 2 years
- Average length of outages was 2 to 5 hours.



DISRUPTIONS



Many system disruptions are still essentially "self-inflicted".

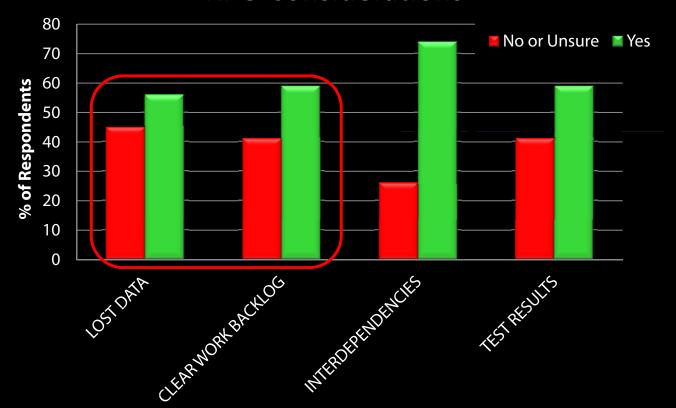
- Many causes of disruption can be controlled by processes that are in the direct control of the organisation
- Processes that help manage 3rd-parties are neglected even though many outages are caused by third-parties



RECOVERY REQUIREMENTS

RPOs are not well Considered.

RPO Considerations



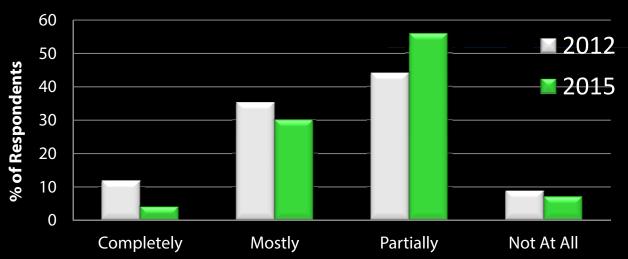
- Work-arounds, and system dependencies are well considered for RTOs
- The re-entry and processing of lost data, and the clearing of any work backlog is not well considered for RPOs



EXPECTATIONS & IMPACT

User recovery expectations are still not well managed.

Expectation Management

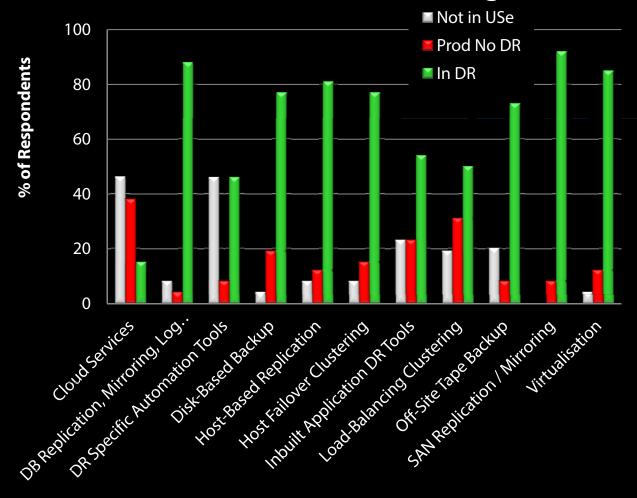


- Users are involved but expectations are not well managed
- Reputational damage was of high concern, and is the most difficult to actually measure, and quantify
- Operational and financial impacts also ranked highly



DESIGN & TECHNOLOGY

Use of Production Technologies



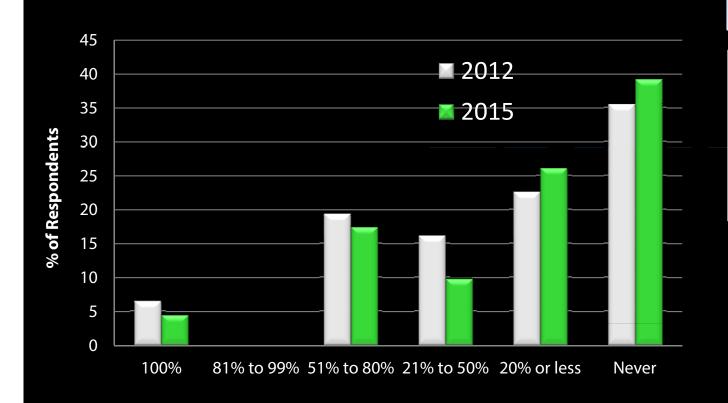
Technologies in production are well utilised for recovery capability. However, use of DR architecture is not wide spread.

- 38% have no formal DR architecture
- Most make good use of existing technologies in their production environment
- Cloud-based services are starting to become popular



TESTING

Testing By Independent Parties



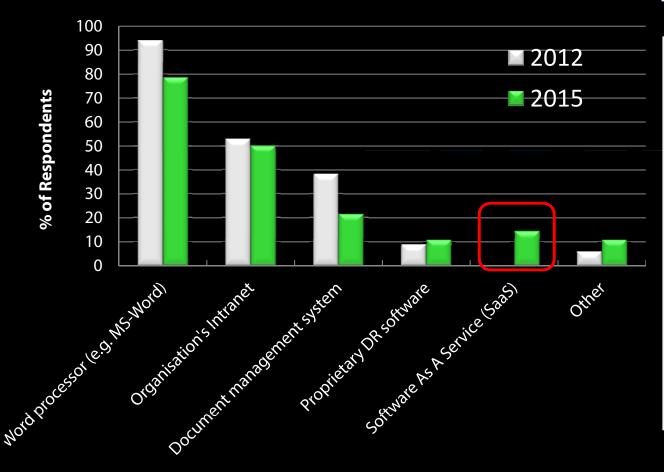
Near half of the respondents don't have their recovery tests independently evaluated and reported.

 Many never have their tests independently evaluated



DOCUMENTATION

Documentation Tools



Plans are often out of date, and supporting documentation is often unidentified or unavailable.

- Many review or update their documentation at least once every year.
- Most use generic word processing, but SaaS is on the rise.
- Accessibility to supporting documentation is often neglected



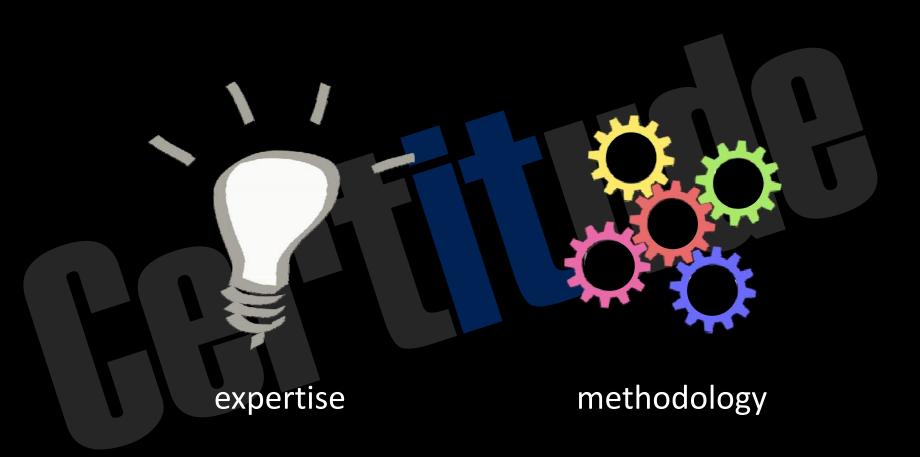
PREVAIL

BCM / DR Management System

The Issues

Restrictive user access
Just a document template
Poor business case for requirements
Hard to govern and audit
No on-site support

Expert System

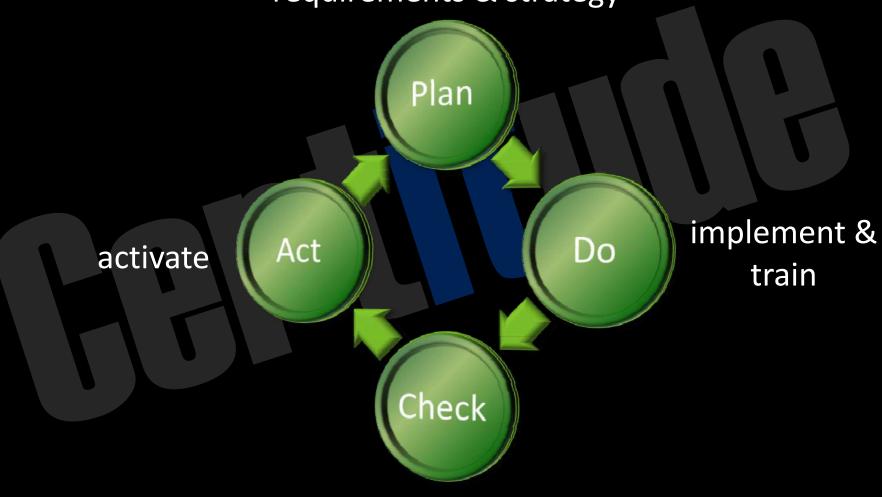


Ubiquitous Access



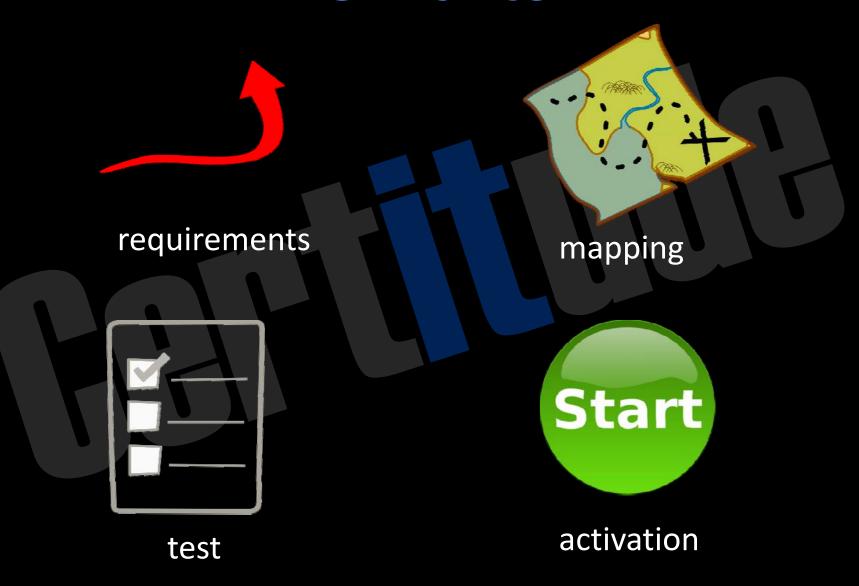
Full Life-Cycle

requirements & strategy



maintain & test

Smarts



Self-Maintained

